

BEE 4 SEMI-FINAL 2023 CANDIDATE PAPER

Task 1

Read the text. Find ten misspelled words and circle them. Then write the correct spelling on the numbered lines below. There is an example.

Annie Leibovitz is a world-rekowned American photographer, born in 1949. She is known for her stunning and often controversial portraits of famous people, including musicians, actors, and politicians.

Leibovitz began her career at *Rolling Stone* magazine in the 1970s, where she took iconic photographs of musicians such as The Beatles, Jimi Hendrix, and Janis Joplin. She later went on to work for *Vanity Fair* and *Vogue*, where she did a great job capturing the personalities of her subjects in her own unique style.

Leibovitz's compositions often highlight the subject's individuality in a way which is slightly ambiguous and open to interpretation, making her portraits both astonishing and thought-provoking. Her catalogue of work includes some of the most recognisable figures of modern times, such as Queen Elizabeth II and John Lennon.

Despite her incredible success, Leibovitz has faced her fair share of criticism. She has been accused of over-editing her images and of being too reliant on her team of assistants. However, her contributions to the field of photography are widely recognised and celebrated. Her work continues to influence new generations of artists around the world – many young artists endeavour to produce work similar to the great Leibovitz.

Example: world-renowned

1) _____

6) _____

2) _____

7) _____

3) _____

8) _____

4) _____

9) _____

5) _____

10) _____

Task 2

Read the definitions of words and put the letters in the right order to make correct spelling of the words given below.

Example:

A C S T O R E N *noun* a person, typically one more remote than a grandparent, from whom one is descended.

___ **ancestor** ___

1. A A S M B S A O D R *noun* a senior official who lives in a foreign country and represents his or her own country there

2. B A T H T R A K E I G N *adj* extremely impressive or beautiful

3. D A E T C E H D *adj* not feeling involved with someone or something in a close or emotional way

4. D E R T E R E T N *noun* something that makes people decide not to do something by making them realize that something unpleasant could happen to them

5. E G I L B I L E *adj* allowed by rules or laws to do something or to receive something

6. G E L S I M P *noun* an occasion when you see someone or something for a moment only

7. J V E U E N I L *adj* relating to young people who have committed a crime

8. P R I C E V E E *verb* to understand or think about something in a particular way

9. R E A H R S E E *verb* to practise a play, concert, opera etc before giving a performance

10. W H T D I R W A *verb* to no longer take part in something, or to stop someone or something from taking part

Task 3 – Listening

You will hear a short recording. Read the text on your paper and complete the gaps.

You should write one word in each gap. You will hear the recording twice.

The invention of electricity was a _____ that changed the world as we know it.

The electricity we have today only became possible because of the many decades of work carried out by _____.

However, it was the genius of a _____ named Michael Faraday that made it a reality.

Faraday's _____ to understand the nature of electricity led him to make ground-breaking discoveries.

Some of his most _____ work concerned the principle of electromagnetic induction.

The _____ of his findings was greeted with huge interest as the potential of his discoveries was recognised.

His work paved the way for _____ developments such as generators, transformers, and other essential electrical devices.

The invention of electricity has brought about a _____ number of benefits, such as convenient lighting and faster transportation.

It has also helped power industries and homes, making many aspects of our lives more efficient and _____.

Overall, it has had a _____ impact upon the modern world.

This is the end of the paper.